Lowe Elias Avery, Codices Latini Antiquiores. A palaeographical guide to latin manuscripts prior to the ninth century. Part VII: Switzerland, Oxford 1956 (Osnabrück 1982), p. 22.

908.—ST. GALL, STIFTSBIBL. 120.

ALEMANNIC MINUSCULE SAEC. VIII-IX.

¶ HIERONYMUS IN DANIELEM.

Foll. 115, paginated 1-230 (an unnumbered slip between pp. 38 and 39); $280 \times 157-162 \text{ mm.} \langle 215-220 \times 115-125 \text{ mm.} \rangle$ in 22-27 long lines. Ruling before folding, normally on the flesh-side, 4 bifolia at a time. Double bounding lines in both margins. Prickings in the outer margin guided the ruling. Gatherings of eight, apparently unsigned; most quires are irregularly arranged so that hair faces flesh within the quire. Colophons and headings in black uncial. Punctuation: the medial point marked various pauses; other points added. Omissions are indicated by signes de renvoi. Citations marked by horizontal or vertical flourishes to the left of each line. Quotations from the Bible are often in uncial. Run-overs carried to the line below are supported by a rectangular bracket. Abbreviations include b; \mathbf{g} ; = bus, que; $\mathbf{au}\overline{\tau}$ and \mathbf{au} = autem; dic, d $\overline{\mathbf{r}}$ = dicit, -itur; $\mathbf{\overline{ee}}$ = esse; \mathbf{m}_4 = mus; $\mathbf{n}\overline{\mathbf{r}}\mathbf{a}$, ($\mathbf{u}\mathbf{s}$) = nostra, (uestris); $\mathbf{o}\overline{\mathbf{m}}$ and $\mathbf{o}\overline{\mathbf{m}}\mathbf{s}$ = omnes; \mathbf{p} , $\overline{\mathbf{p}}$ = per, prae; \mathbf{m} = rum; \mathbf{t}^2 = tur. Simple pen-drawn initials with the leaf motif (pp. 3, 8). Parchment: many defective membranes. Ink dark brown. Script, by several scribes, is a roundish minuscule of the Alemannic type: $\boldsymbol{\omega}$ is still more frequent than \mathbf{a} ; the shaft of \mathbf{h} sometimes curves; \mathbf{z} is tall and the two horizontals are sometimes cup-shaped; ligatures include nt (even in mid-word) and \mathbf{G} (for hard ti); in the uncial the bow of $\boldsymbol{\lambda}$ is a high flat oval; the foot of \mathbf{L} and the cross-stroke of \mathbf{T} have forked finials. The 'exceptical fragment' entered on pp. 228-230 at the end of the manuscript is merely a repetition of the text contained on pp. 8-11. Corrections and transliteration (saec. \mathbf{x} - \mathbf{x}) of Greek words are frequent. A few verses from Sedulus' Carmen paschale are entered (saec. \mathbf{x} - \mathbf{x}) on p. 1.

Written no doubt at St. Gall, to judge from the script. The thirteenth-century ex-libris 'Iste lib' ē de sco gallo' is seen on p. 2. Our plate from pp. 10 and 33.

909.-ST. GALL, STIFTSBIBL. 125.

ALEMANNIC MINUSCULE SAEC. VIII ex.

ALEMANNIC MINUSCULE SAEC. VIII-IX.

ALEMANNIC and ANGLO-SAXON MINUSCULE SAEC. VIII ex.

¶ PS.-HIERONYMUS IN IV EVANGELIA; EXCERPTA VARIA PATRUM.

Foll. 137, paginated 3-276 (numbers 61 and 121 were omitted; pp. 1/2 are a paper fly-leaf); $240 \times 155-160$ mm. $(170-190 \times 112-120$ mm.) in 23-30 long lines. Ruling before folding, on the flesh- or hair-side, 4 bifolia at a time, with the direct impression on the outer bifolium. Double bounding lines in both margins. Prickings in the outer margin guided the ruling. Gatherings of eight, with flesh- or hair-side outside, signed in the middle of the lower margin of the last page with an uncial letter set off by four sets of parallel strokes or enclosed in a circle (except the first which instead has a cross in a circle). Colophons in uncial or capitals. Headings in red or black uncial or in large, fancy black or hollow capitals. Punctuation: the main pause is marked by a medial point or \checkmark ; many points added. Omissions are marked by signes de renvoi (crosses on pp. 8, 11). Run-overs carried to the line above are set off by an angular bracket. Numerous abbreviations include b; $q_i = bus$, que (and quae); $a\overline{u} = autem$; b = ber (and bis); $di\overline{x}$, $di\overline{r}$ (and di \overline{c}), $di\overline{cns} = dixit$, dicitur, dicens; ecfm = ecclesiam; el' = eius; $t\overline{t} = enim$; \overline{ee} , \overline{e} (and $\overline{e}) = csc, est; [fs = fratres; <math>\overline{m} = men; \overline{m}\overline{s} = meus; m_4$ (and $th), n_4$ (sometimes with cross-stroke looped) = mus, nus; $\overline{n} = non; \overline{n}\overline{n} = nos; \overline{n}\overline{m} = nostrum, -am; \overline{o}\overline{m}$ (and $\overline{o}\overline{s}$), $\overline{o}\overline{m}\overline{s} = omncs, omnipotens; p, p', p; = per, post, pro, pus; q', qd, quo =$ $qui, quod, quoniam; <math>[t, \overline{r} = rum, runt; \overline{\tau}, \overline{\tau} = ter, tur; ut = uel.$ Spelling full of errors; ci for tl frequent. Simple pen-drawn black initials with the leaf and plait motifs; smaller initials and capitals at the beginning of sentences are touched with red. Parchment of fair quality but many sheets defective. Ink dark brown. Script is minuscule of the Alemannic type, by numerous hands, some rather inexpert: C occurs more often than a, the suprascript form occurs in ligature (see plate); uncial \overline{o} is frequent in parts of the manuscr

Our plate from pp. 64 and 270.

910.—ST. GALL, STIFTSBIBL. 126.

¶ HIERONYMUS, COMMENTARIUS IN MATTHAEUM.

Written no doubt at St. Gall, to judge by the script and initials. The presence there of an Anglo-Saxon scribe, or one familiar with Anglo-Saxon script, is noteworthy.

Our plate from pp. 125 and 296.

911.—ST. GALL, STIFTSBIBL. 133.

¶ Eusebius, Liber Locorum, Interprete Hieronymo; Virgilius, Aethici Cosmographia; Liber Generationum; etc.

Foll. 327, paginated 1-143, 145-174, 176-591, 593-657; 149-152×85-87 mm. $\langle ca. 120 \times 60-70 \text{ mm.} \rangle$ in 17-19 long lines. Ruling on the flesh- or hair-side, 4 bifolia at a time, with the direct impression on the outside. Single or double bounding lines in both margins. Prickings in the outer margin guided the ruling. Gatherings of eight, signed with Roman numerals in the middle of the lower margin of the last page (pp. 29) ff. form a new series); in part of the manuscript hair faces flesh within the quire. Clophons in the script of the text; Incipits in black capitals with lines washed alternately in yellow and violet. Headings usually in plain uncial, sometimes daubed with red, or in black capitals or cursive minuscule. Punctuation: the main pause is marked by the medial point, one or two commas, or semicolon, lesser pauses by the medial point. Omissions are indicated by *signes de renvoi*. Run-overs are set off by a rectangular or curved bracket. Abbreviations include b; = bus; q; = que; $\overline{au} = autem$; b = bis; d (with the end of shaft looped) = dus; \overline{ee} , $\overline{ee} = esse, est; <math>\overline{m} = men$; $\overline{ms} = meus$; $m_{\ell} = mus$; $\overline{n} = non; \overline{n7}$, $n\overline{1}$, etc. = noster, -ri, etc.; $\overline{omi} = omnes$; p, p', \overline{p} , p, \overline{pT} (and pp) = per, post, prae, pro, propter; q', qd (and qud), quod, quonian; p', \overline{r} (and r'), $\overline{s} = run, runt, sunt; <math>\overline{\tau}$, $\overline{t} = ter$, tur; the Insular symbol $\vartheta = cius$ (p. 505); and the normal forms of Nomina Sacra except for several occurrences (pp. 404, 408, 451, 522) of dffin for dominum (this form suggests an exemplar of high antiquity for those parts in which it occurs). Simple black initials, some coloured with a little red; blank spaces at line-ends are occasionally filled with simple ornamentation; in the 'Liber locorum' first words of sections are often in uncial or in slightly larger minuscule suggesting an Insular exemplar. Parchment of mediocre quality with many defective membranes. Ink dark brown. Script is an early, small-size minuscule, by different hands, some

Written apparently in the same Swiss centre as Einsiedeln MS. 369 (285), foll. 3-6, and possibly at St. Gall.

Our plate from pp. 129, 211, and 281.

+-ST. GALL, STIFTSBIBL. 172 (fragm. at p. 258). EVANGELIA VERSIONIS ANTEHIERONYMIANAE. See No. 978a.

[22]